LOTUS DESING STUDIO Green Cities of The Future



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INTRODUCTION

- Information about Lotus Design Studio
- ❖ Natural resources and their types
- Declining natural resources and their impacts on our life
- How to deal with these problems as an induvial and as a designer
- ❖ Case Study: GREEN OASIS GARDEN
- Conclusion



'OUR FIRST HOME, OUR FIRST GARDEN', Hampton Court Palace Flower Show 2012 Gold Medal and Best in category



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'WRATH- ERUPTION OF UNHEALED ANGER', Hampton Court Palace Flower Show 2014

Gold Medal



'WRATH- ERUPTION OF UNHEALED ANGER', Hampton Court Palace Flower Show 2014

Gold Medal











'TURKISH GARDEN OF PARADISE', Hampton Court Palace Flower Show 2015 Gold Medal and Best in category



'TURKISH GARDEN OF PARADISE', Hampton Court Palace Flower Show 2015

Gold Medal and Best in category











'HARTLEY BOTANIC TRADE STAND', Chelsea Flower Show 2013 & 2014

Best Presentation Awards





PARKS

'THE COMMENTWEALTH PARK, GIBRALTAR'



PARKS

'THE COMMENTWEALTH PARK, GIBRALTAR'











PARKS 'THE COMMENTWEALTH PARK, GIBRALTAR'





What are the natural resources?

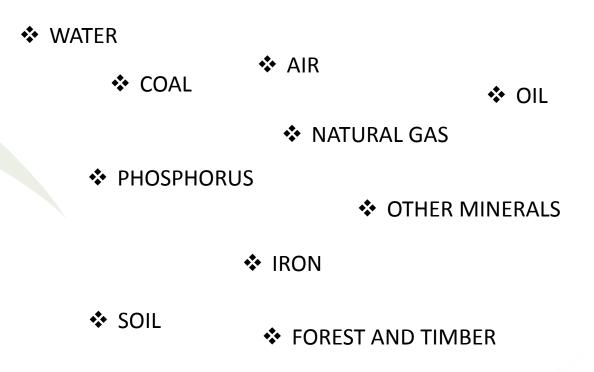
Natural resources are those resources that occur within the environment in their original and natural form, undisturbed by humanity.

They take years to form without the intervention of humans. The Mother Earth is abundant with natural resources that develop on this planet using its surrounding environment.

While few of them are used for our survival like water, air, rest of them like coal, gas, oil are used for satisfying our daily needs.



Top 10 Natural Resources in the World





Type of Natural Resources

- Renewable Resources (Living)
 - Trees (Forest & Woodlands)
 - Crops
 - Livestock like fish

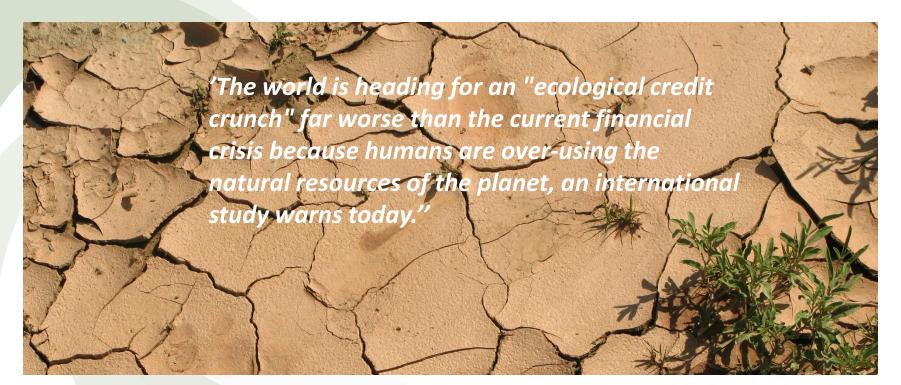
- Flow Resources
 - Tides
 - Solar Power
 - Wind

- Non- Renewable Resources (non-living)
 - Fossil-fuels
 - Coal
 - Petroleum

Where are we with the natural resources?

Our current global population is 7.45 billion and growing. Earth's total resources are only good for 2 billion people at the current demand sustainably.

The way we're living, we are already using 2 to 3 times more of the Earth's natural resources than what is sustainable.



OUR NATURAL RESOURCES ARE RUNNING OUT!!!

What are the top 3 natural resources being depleted and what are the impacts?



1. Water

What will we drink without water?

- ✓ Only 2.5% of the world's total water volume is fresh water. Of that 2.5%, 70% is frozen .
- ✓ The depletion of our water resources is more serious that the current oil depletion.
- ✓ There are substitutes for oil but nothing can replace our drinking water.

Causes: Increased irrigation, increased use in agriculture, roads and infrastructure prevent water seepage in the soil, rising temperatures.

Impacts: Drinking water shortage. Food Shortage. Famine.

2. Oil

Nothing can be moved, manufactured, transported, built, planted, mined or harvested without the liquid fuels that we get from petroleum.

- ✓ Oil accounts for 40% of all energy we use.
- ✓ Environmental Investigation Agency's (EIA's) International Energy Outlook 2013 shows that we have enough Oil to last for **25 years**.

Causes: Industrial boom. Increased population. Wastage.

Impacts: Less Transportation. Smaller economies. Higher prices.



3. Forests

- ✓ An estimated 18 million acres of forests are destroyed each year.
- ✓ Half of the world's forest has been cleared.
- ✓ Deforestation contributes 12 to 17% of global greenhouse gas emissions annually.

Causes: Urbanization, Illegal logging, Agriculture, Subsistence Farming.

Impacts: Soil erosion, Global Warming caused by the rise of greenhouse gases-Extinction of species and loss of biodiversity. Flooding and drought.

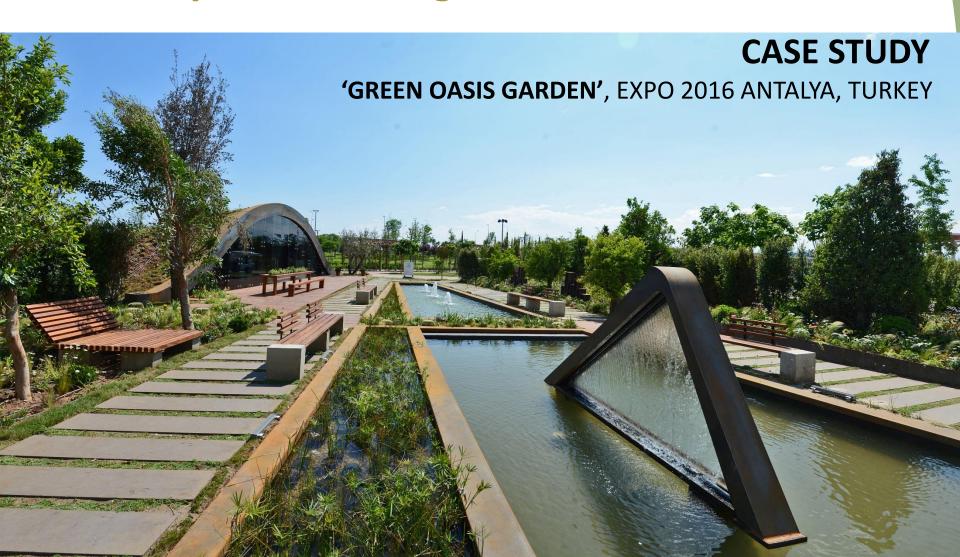
You can make a BIG DIFFERENCE!!

- Grow your own fruit and vegetables or buy locally produced food (to cut down on pollution caused by transporting goods from areas).
- Fit solar panels to your home to provide solar water heating or solar electricity.
- Use water butts in your garden a great way of saving and re-using water by installing a butt to collect rain water. It is estimated you can save up to 5,000 litres of water a year!
- ✓ Use a Composter. Composting is often referred to as nature's way of recycling. By weight, it is estimated that kitchen and garden waste makes up about 30% of a household's rubbish.

You can make a BIG DIFFERENCE!!

- Use reusable Bags; For instance, friends of the Earth estimate that 17 billion plastic bags are given away by supermarkets every year in the UK the equivalent to over 290 bags for every person in the UK! These bags are generally used once and then thrown away, ultimately polluting the environment.
- Reduce carbon dioxide emissions by buying energy efficient appliances.
- Cycle, walk or use public transportation whenever possible.
- Save trees by going paperless or by using only recycled products.
- Turn of all appliances when not in use.
- **✓ Conserve Electricity**.
- Fix leaky faucets and use recycled water for flushing your toilet.

How can you make a big difference as a DESIGNER!!



GREEN OASIS GARDEN

AIPH

EXPO2016 ANTALYA

Instructed by AIPH & OAIB



GREEN OASIS GARDEN, EXPO 2016 ANTALYA









GREEN OASIS GARDEN, EXPO 2016 ANTALYA Extensive Green Roof







- ✓ Lessens the urban heat island effect.
 - ✓ Capturing particulates and pollutants in the air.
 - ✓ Producing **oxygen**.
 - ✓ Providing insulation to enable energy saving.
 - ✓ Solar panels absorb the sun's rays to generate electricity.

GREEN OASIS GARDEN, EXPO 2016 ANTALYA The Rain Gardens





- **✓** Pollution control
- ✓ Flooding protection
- ✓ Habitat creation
- ✓ Water conversation

- ✓ Improve water quality
- ✓ Enhance sidewalk
- ✓ Protect rivers and streams

GREEN OASIS GARDEN, EXPO 2016 ANTALYA The Planted Table





- ✓ Enable food to grow right where you eat it.
- ✓ A mix of edible green plants and fruits to encourage healthier and more sustainable living.
- ✓ Demonstrating a way to grow food at your home.

GREEN OASIS GARDEN, EXPO 2016 ANTALYA The Insects Hotels







- ✓ The insect hotels **promote biodiversity** providing place for **hibernating insects** like ladybirds, beetles and butterflies.
- ✓ Providing a legion of beneficial insects to pollinate our crops and prey on pests.
- ✓ **Striking a balance in the kitchen garden**, nurturing the beneficial creatures so that they in turn take care of the undesirables.

GREEN OASIS GARDEN, EXPO 2016 ANTALYA The Permeable Paving Surface





- ✓ Provides sustainable drainage (SUDS) to prevent flooding and storm water runoff.
- ✓ Improve water quality.
- **✓ Reduction** of overall irrigation demand.
- ✓ Local Heat Island Effects.
- ✓ Provide amenity and biodiversity.

GREEN OASIS GARDEN, EXPO 2016 ANTALYA The Seating Features







- ✓ Public spaces create **economic, social and environmental** value.
- ✓ Seats make a space more accessible to people who tire easily.
- ✓ Creating a physical space that encourages social activity.
- ✓ Building stronger communities. This helps to bring down the social costs of crime.
- ✓ Relaxing and enjoying the surroundings.

GREEN OASIS GARDEN, EXPO 2016 ANTALYA The Water Features







- ✓ Combine water with the need for recreation and nature in the City.
- ✓ Design bio filtering wetlands as functional and aesthetic solutions to surface water pollution.
- ✓ In this garden, water fountains and ponds create a focal point, interaction, movement and cooling function in the hot climate.
- ✓ The aquatic planting along the edge of the pond creates a soften natural appearance and habitat for amphibians, dragonflies and other aquatic insects, etc.





- ✓ Public art is an interesting conversation between art and landscape.
- ✓ Social offerings, openness and welcome-ness and ,importantly, the aesthetic of a place.
- ✓ A driver of attachment for a community and the nexus for gathering.
- ✓ Striking vertical features as a focal point within a space.





- ✓ 21 new trees have been planted in the garden to provide a canopy, shade and habitat for wildlife.
- ✓ Tree planting includes five Orchard trees to provide food and attract butterflies and other insects to enhance biodiversity and inspire visitors in harvesting of their own fruits.

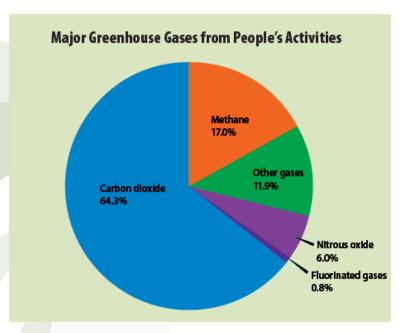






- ✓ Trees filter the air and also reduce heat island effect.
- ✓ The term "Heat Island" describes built up areas that are hotter than nearby rural areas.

 Heat islands can affect communities by increasing summertime peak energy demand, air conditioning costs, air pollution and greenhouse gas emissions, heat-related illness and mortality, and water quality.





- ✓ Greenhouse gases trap heat in the atmosphere, which makes the Earth warmer- Global warming.
- ✓ Carbon dioxide is the most important greenhouse gas emitted by humans (64.3%), but several other gases contribute to climate change, too.





- ✓ Trees are very important because they absorb CO2, removing and storing the carbon while releasing the oxygen back into the air.
- ✓ In one year, an acre of mature trees absorbs the amount of CO2 produced when you drive your car 26,000 miles and provide enough oxygen for 18 people.
- ✓ Trees absorbs **odours and pollutants gases** (nitrogen oxides, ammonia, sulfur dioxide and ozone) and **filter particulates out of the air** by trapping them on **their leaves** and **bark**.

GREEN OASIS GARDEN, EXPO 2016 ANTALYA Shrubs & Perennials





- ✓ A wide variety of pollen and nectar-rich shrubs and perennials have been used in the garden to attract bees, butterflies and other insects which are essential for the pollination of plants.
- ✓ The proposed planting scheme contains some of the exported plants from Antalya to the world to promote international plants growers . For instance Asparagus officinalis.

GREEN OASIS GARDEN, EXPO 2016 ANTALYA Shrubs & Perennials







- ✓ Combinations of native and non-native plants enhance the urban setting while giving a sense of the native character.
- ✓ Add to the opportunities to **experience flora and fauna** in the places where people live and work.

GREEN OASIS GARDEN, EXPO 2016 ANTALYA Shrubs & Perennials







- ✓ In new developments, integrate wildlife habitats in architecture and public and private green by using plant species and vegetation structures with added value for biodiversity.
- ✓ In existing developments, replace pavement where possible to create habitats for urban birds, bees and butterflies using a diverse mix of selected plants and flowers.

GREEN OASIS GARDEN, EXPO 2016 ANTALYA Conclusion

- ✓ The green infrastructure in this garden helping to reduce the urban heat island effect.
- ✓ All plants and trees in the garden remove dust and gaseous pollution and volatile organic compounds from the air.
- ✓ The orchard trees and the planted table provide food and attract butterflies
 and other insects to enhance biodiversity and inspire visitors in harvesting of
 their own fruits.
- ✓ The solar panels on the green roof generate electricity for the air condition and the water cooler in the building. The green roof provides insulation to enable energy saving. The building becomes less dependent on the fuel.

GREEN OASIS GARDEN, EXPO 2016 ANTALYA Conclusion

- ✓ The insect hotels allow insects to hibernate such as ladybirds and butterflies to enhance biodiversity within the space.
- ✓ The rain gardens create a sustainable drainage (SUDS), habitat and provide water conservation.
- ✓ The water features provide cooling function in the hot climate. This reduces
 the urban heat island effect.
- ✓ The aquatic planting clean the water and create habitat for the aquatic insects.

"A Green Life for Future Generations"



"I heard the laughter of my nephew throughout the garden / the city bringing with it hopes for a greener world...."



Thank You



www.lotusdesignstudio.co.uk